Price Rigidity and Market Structure: Evidence from the Japanese Scanner Data

Takayasu Matsuoka* Graduate School of Economics, Osaka University

January 21, 2009

Abstract

This paper investigates how price rigidity arises out of the specific market structures, such as degree of market concentration and pricing decisions of retailers and manufacturers. Using Japanese scanner data that contains transaction prices and sales for more than 1600 industries from 1988 to 2008, we find statistically significant negative correlation between the frequency of price changes and the degree of market concentration after controlling total sales at the industry and industry-group dummies. The results of two-way analysis of variance at the intra-industry level suggests that the variation of the frequency of price changes depends on the differences among manufacturers as well as those among retailers.

JEL classification codes: L11, E31, C41

Key words: Price stickiness, Market structure, Degree of concentration

^{*}I would like to thank Kanemi Ban, Tsutomu Watanabe, Akiyuki Tonogi, and the seminar participants at Osaka University for helpful comments. Any remaining errors are my own responsibility. This study is financially supported by the research fellowships of the Japan Society for the Promotion of Science for Young Scientists. Address for correspondence: 1-7 Machikaneyama, Toyonaka, Osaka 560-0043, Japan. Tel.: +81 90 5009 4141. E-mail: fgp019mt@mail2.econ.osaka-u.ac.jp.